

The UK's 10-point plan for its "green industrial revolution" impacts several business sectors. The government has said it could create up to 250,000 jobs, with a price tag pegged at £12 billion (\$16 billion) in total. The plan includes:

- A ban on sales of combustion engine vehicles by 2030. There will be grants for electric cars, and funding for charging stations. The sale of some hybrid cars and vans will continue until 2035.
- A previously announced pledge to quadruple offshore wind power by 2030, to 40GW, which the government says is enough to power every UK home.
- Moves to boost hydrogen production, including the realization of a town heated entirely by hydrogen by 2030.
- Investment of £525 million (\$700 million) toward new nuclear power production, with a focus on "the next generation of small and advanced reactors".
- Earmarking £1 billion (\$1.3 billion) in 2021 for funds to insulate homes and public buildings. The program would use the existing green homes grant and public sector decarbonization scheme.
- An extra £200 million (\$267 million) invested in carbon capture initiatives.
- Support for greener energy in the maritime and aviation sectors.
- Planting 30,000 hectares (74,000 acres) of trees each year in support of nature conservation.
- Establishing programs to promote public transportation, cycling, and walking
- A pledge to make London "the global center of green finance."